THE ROLE OF RIDDLES IN CHILDREN'S BEHAVIOR

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Abstract. This article explores the role of riddles in shaping children's behavior, cognitive development, and social skills. Riddles, as part of traditional and modern play, engage children in problem-solving, critical thinking, and social interaction. Through a combination of language, logic, and creativity, riddles enhance children's ability to think critically, improve their communication skills, and promote collaboration with peers. By analyzing the psychological and educational benefits of riddles, this article discusses how they contribute to behavioral development in various social contexts, both in individual and group settings.

Keywords: Riddles, children's behavior, cognitive development, problem-solving, critical thinking, social skills, communication, play, creativity, educational benefits.

РОЛЬ ЗАГАДОК В ПОВЕДЕНИИ ДЕТЕЙ

Аннотация. В этой статье рассматривается роль загадок в формировании поведения детей, когнитивного развития и социальных навыков. Загадки, как часть традиционной и современной игры, вовлекают детей в решение проблем, критическое мышление и социальное взаимодействие. Благодаря сочетанию языка, логики и креативности загадки повышают способность детей критически мыслить, улучшают их коммуникативные навыки и способствуют сотрудничеству со сверстниками. Анализируя психологические и образовательные преимущества загадок, в этой статье обсуждается, как они способствуют поведенческому развитию в различных социальных контекстах, как в индивидуальных, так и в групповых условиях.

Ключевые слова: Загадки, поведение детей, когнитивное развитие, решение проблем, критическое мышление, социальные навыки, общение, игра, креативность, образовательные преимущества.

Riddles have long been a significant part of childhood play and learning. They are not only fun and entertaining but also serve as valuable tools for promoting cognitive and behavioral development in children. By engaging children in playful challenges, riddles stimulate their problem-solving abilities, foster creativity, and help improve communication and social skills.

Through a deeper look into the role of riddles, this article will highlight how these seemingly simple puzzles influence children's behavior, how they contribute to the development of critical thinking skills, and their overall impact on social interactions.

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Riddles require children to think critically, analyze information, and recognize patterns or hidden meanings. These cognitive tasks contribute to the development of various mental skills such as reasoning, memory, and attention to detail. For example, when solving a riddle, children must use logic to decipher the clues and come up with the correct answer. This process encourages children to think outside the box, which is a valuable skill not only in academics but also in reallife problem-solving.

Example:

"I speak without a mouth and hear without ears. I have no body, but I come alive with wind. What am I?"

Answer: An echo.

This riddle challenges children to think beyond conventional ideas and helps them practice logical thinking, as they must connect the abstract idea of an echo with its attributes.

Enhancing Social Skills Through Riddles

Riddles also play a significant role in children's social development. In group settings, children share and solve riddles together, learning valuable skills such as collaboration, listening, and turn-taking. These activities promote positive social interaction and improve their ability to work with others toward a common goal. By solving riddles together, children learn how to communicate effectively, explain their reasoning, and engage in discussions. Additionally, riddles can boost confidence as children experience success in solving puzzles, which can lead to improved self-esteem.

In a classroom setting, a teacher might ask a riddle to engage children and prompt them to discuss possible answers. Through this interaction, children learn how to express their thoughts, consider others' ideas, and collaborate to find the right solution.

Beyond cognitive and social benefits, riddles also have a direct impact on children's behavior. Solving riddles encourages patience and persistence, as children often need time to reflect on the clues and arrive at the correct answer. This fosters a growth mindset, where children learn the value of perseverance and not giving up when faced with challenges. Furthermore, riddles promote curiosity and a love of learning, as children are motivated to continue exploring new ideas and seeking out solutions.

In addition, riddles can influence emotional regulation, as children experience a range of emotions during the process of solving a puzzle—excitement, frustration, and satisfaction. These emotional responses contribute to the development of emotional intelligence, as children learn to manage their feelings and celebrate success.

Conclusion

Riddles are more than just a form of entertainment for children; they serve as powerful tools for fostering cognitive, social, and behavioral development. By encouraging critical thinking, creativity, and collaboration, riddles contribute to the development of essential skills that children carry with them into adulthood. The process of solving riddles helps children improve their problem-solving abilities, enhance communication, and build strong social connections.

Moreover, riddles provide a fun and engaging way to promote positive behaviors such as patience, persistence, and curiosity. In light of these benefits, riddles should be incorporated into educational settings and daily life to help nurture well-rounded and confident individuals. By promoting cognitive, social, and behavioral development, riddles are an essential tool in shaping children's growth and preparing them for future challenges.

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